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UNSTEADY FLOW OF A VISCOUS FLUID, (U)  
JUL 78 A N GOTS, G K BERMAN, K V VALIKOV  
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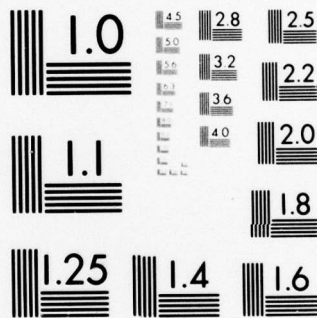
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## FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION



UNSTEADY FLOW OF A VISCOUS FLUID

By

A. N. Gots, G. K. Berman and K. V. Valikov



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# EDITED TRANSLATION

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# U. S. BOARD ON GEOGRAPHIC NAMES TRANSLITERATION SYSTEM

Block	Italic	Transliteration	Block	Italic	Transliteration
А а	<b>А а</b>	A, a	Р р	<b>Р р</b>	R, r
Б б	<b>Б б</b>	B, b	С с	<b>С с</b>	S, s
В в	<b>В в</b>	V, v	Т т	<b>Т т</b>	T, t
Г г	<b>Г г</b>	G, g	У у	<b>У у</b>	U, u
Д д	<b>Д д</b>	D, d	Ф ф	<b>Ф ф</b>	F, f
Е е	<b>Е е</b>	Ye, ye; E, e*	Х х	<b>Х х</b>	Kh, kh
Ж ж	<b>Ж ж</b>	Zh, zh	Ц ц	<b>Ц ц</b>	Ts, ts
З з	<b>З з</b>	Z, z	Ч ч	<b>Ч ч</b>	Ch, ch
И и	<b>И и</b>	I, i	Ш ш	<b>Ш ш</b>	Sh, sh
Й й	<b>Й й</b>	Y, y	Щ щ	<b>Щ щ</b>	Shch, shch
К к	<b>К к</b>	K, k	Ъ ъ	<b>Ъ ъ</b>	"
Л л	<b>Л л</b>	L, l	Ы ы	<b>Ы ы</b>	Y, y
М м	<b>М м</b>	M, m	Ь ь	<b>Ь ь</b>	'
Н н	<b>Н н</b>	N, n	Э э	<b>Э э</b>	E, e
О о	<b>О о</b>	O, o	Ю ю	<b>Ю ю</b>	Yu, yu
П п	<b>П п</b>	P, p	Я я	<b>Я я</b>	Ya, ya

\*ye initially, after vowels, and after ъ, ы; e elsewhere.  
When written as ё in Russian, transliterate as yë or ë.

## RUSSIAN AND ENGLISH TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

Russian	English	Russian	English	Russian	English
sin	sin	sh	sinh	arc sh	sinh <sup>-1</sup>
cos	cos	ch	cosh	arc ch	cosh <sup>-1</sup>
tg	tan	th	tanh	arc th	tanh <sup>-1</sup>
ctg	cot	cth	coth	arc cth	coth <sup>-1</sup>
sec	sec	sch	sech	arc sch	sech <sup>-1</sup>
cosec	csc	csch	csch	arc csch	csch <sup>-1</sup>

Russian English

rot curl  
lg log

1110

## UNSTEADY FLOW OF A VISCOUS FLUID

A. N. Gots, G. K. Berman and K. V. Valikov

We will consider the unsteady flow of a viscous fluid in a rectangular channel. We will direct the z-axis along the channel, whose width will be designated as a, and height - b. We will consider the flow conditions to be isothermic and unsteady. In this case, the differential equation of motion [1] is

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} = \frac{f(t, z)}{\rho} + \nu \left( \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right), \quad (1)$$

where  $v$  is the flow rate on the z-axis;  $\rho$  is the density of the fluid;  $f(t, z) = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z}$  is the pressure gradient;  $\nu = \frac{\eta}{\rho}$  is the kinematic viscosity coefficient; and  $\eta$  is the viscosity of the fluid.



Equation (1) was written with the assumption that  $v_z = v_y = 0$  ;  
 $v_z = v(x, y, z)$ . The initial and boundary conditions are

$$v|_{t=0} = 0; v|_r = 0, \quad (2)$$

where  $r$  is the cross-sectional profile.

We will search for the solution to differential equation (1) with conditions (2) in the form [2]

$$v(x, y, t) = \sum_{n,m=0}^{\infty} v_{nm}(t) \sin \frac{\pi(2n+1)x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi(2m+1)y}{b}, \quad (3)$$

where  $v_{nm}$  is the coefficient to be determined.

We will expand function  $f(t, z)$  into a binary Fourier series, after the calculation of the coefficients of which we will have

$$f(t, z) = \frac{16}{\pi^2} \sum_{n,m=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)(2m+1)} \sin \frac{\pi(2n+1)x}{a} \sin \frac{\pi(2m+1)y}{b}. \quad (4)$$

Substituting expressions (3) and (4) in equation (1), and also considering conditions (2), we will find

$$v_{nm}(t) = \frac{16}{\pi^2 \rho (2n+1)(2m+1)} \int_0^t e^{-\gamma \left[ \frac{(2n+1)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(2m+1)^2}{b^2} \right] (t-\tau)} f(z, \tau) d\tau. \quad (5)$$

Thus, solutions (3) and (5) obtained make it possible to find

the law of the distribution of the velocity of a viscous fluid in a rectangular channel.

#### Bibliography

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2. N. S. Koshlyakov, E. B. Gliner, M. M. Smirnov. Main Differential Equations of Mathematical Physics, Fizmatgiz, M., 1962.



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